

OUGHT TO HAVE  
ANOTHER STATIONFOR FIRE PROTECTION OF SOUTH  
PART OF CITY.

## LOCAL FORCE IS INADEQUATE

In Size to Cope With Possible Situations That May Develop Any Time—  
Baltimore Fire Causes Talk.

The recent terrible fire in the east has aroused citizens to a live interest in conditions prevailing in our own city. Through a combination of efficiency and good fortune Janesville has escaped serious loss during the past few years. The element of luck has played a larger part than it would seem at first glance. For, had two serious blazes at any time started simultaneously in different parts of the city, one of them must surely have been neglected. It goes without saying that no dependence can be placed on this element of chance.

## Needs Another Station

Janesville needs another fire station. No one conversant with the situation denies this. At the present time, with but six paid men and nine call-men, it is necessary for the whole department to turn out to every fire—leaving the downtown district unprotected. The force is not large enough, even when all are taken from the stations, in case of a serious fire. A group of business men who were discussing the matter this morning were unanimous in the opinion that another station should be established to be used as a reserve on ordinary occasions and to protect that portion of the city that is now practically inaccessible, especially in bad weather.

## At Spring Brook

The suggestion was made that the station should be located at Spring Brook. With the building of the Racine street bridge and the location of a station that would also be in proximity to the Jackson street bridge protection would be afforded to the lower portions of the Third, Fourth and Fifth wards as well as the factory districts of Spring Brook and Mont-crey.

## Other Cities Moving

Madison which has no larger district to protect than Janesville has sixteen paid men and 30 volunteers. It already has three stations and a movement has been started to establish a fourth. Janesville with six paid and 12 call-men, a force that has not been increased since the reorganization of the department in 1888, is ill prepared for emergencies.

RAILROAD MEN  
MUCH EXPOSED

To Danger This Cold and Slippery Weather—Much Ice in the Yards.

People oftentimes wonder that there are not more accidents in the railroad yards during the winter months. The switchmen and other employees are obliged to exercise great care in the performance of their duties as they can easily slip and fall under moving cars. The yards in Janesville are covered with ice and thin snow. A man was enraged yesterday in chopping ice between the tracks near a switch so as to keep the latter in proper working order. The wintry weather is a great inconvenience to railroaders. During the extreme cold snow trains are always delayed which makes matters unpleasant not only for railway men but for the passengers as well.

The life of an engineer or fireman is especially burdensome on these cold days. They are subjected to much draft as the cab of the engine is not equipped with the best of winter appliances. It is true, the side windows can be closed and a curtain in the rear of the cab gives a little shelter but all this does not give the necessary protection. Many engineers and firemen are victims of lifelong rheumatism as a direct result of exposure to the cold in the locomotives.

Probably more sympathy is felt for the freight brakeman than for any other railroader. He is exposed to all kinds of weather the whole year round. It matters little whether it snows or rains or if the temperature is far below the freezing point, the brakeman is obliged to run along the top of the box cars and perform his dangerous work.

PATENTS GIVEN  
TO THE BADGERS

Throughout the State for New Machines That Will Save Labor.

R. W. Bishop, patent attorney, Washington, D. C., reports the issue of the following patents on the 9th instant to residents of Wisconsin:

751,461. Hinge. A. H. Christie, Milwaukee.

751,517. Apparatus for ascertaining the acceleration due to gravity. P. G. W. Keller, Manitowoc.

751,578. Shift-key mechanism for typewriters. E. H. Wadezit, Racine.

751,619. Threshing-machine. W. W. Dingle, Racine.

751,657. Threshing-machine straw-carrier. Charles Krueger, Waukesha.

751,687. Paper-feeding device. Frank Schiltz, Milwaukee, assignor to Hugo Loewenthal, same place.

751,687. Body-holder for cars. C. S. Shallenberger, Milwaukee, assignor of one-half to E. S. Marshall, St. Louis, Mo.

751,895. Shell resizing and decapping machine. E. E. Blaschke, Jr., Clinton.

751,959. Trap for catch-basins. P. F. Murphy, Milwaukee.

751,995, 751,996 and 751,997. Multiple-expansion engine. F. M. Prescott, Milwaukee, assignor to F. M. Prescott, Steam Pump Co., West Allis.

BAD NEWS FOR  
COLLEGE MEN

Some Applicants for Police Service at St. Louis During Exposition Are Disappointed.

Fifty Beloit college students, three hundred from the University of Wisconsin and many other young men from the normals and high schools of the state, who applied for positions as guards and guides at the Louisville purchase exposition will be disappointed.

Secretary Grant Thomas of the Wisconsin world's fair organization at Milwaukee received word yesterday from Charles M. Reeves of St. Louis, secretary of the exposition association, announcing that the grounds will be policed by the city of St. Louis. It was expected that about 2,800 positions would be filled among students of the various states who wished to gain educational knowledge from the exposition in return for services as guards. But 200 Jefferson guards will be given employment by the exposition, the remainder being under the control of the St. Louis police commissioners.

The Sunday school officers of the Central church have been elected. They are: Superintendent, T. E. Bennison; assistant superintendent, J. L. Hay and H. E. Cary; Sept. of primary Dept., Gertrude Green; secretary, Louise Rider; treasurer, Dr. E. Loomis; librarian, Charles Pennington; treasurer, E. V. VanPool; pianist, Leona Stevens.

Special Low Rates to Texas and Louisiana

The front Mountain Route will make

part of ten dollars St. Louis to certain Texas and Louisiana points on Feb. 16th, March 1st and 15th. For full information address

L. D. KNOWLES, General Agent, 114 Wisconsin St., Milwaukee, Wis.

MRS. M. B. CARSE HURT IN FALL

W. C. T. U. Worker Suffers Fracture of Hip While Going to Church.

Mrs. Matilda B. Carse, one of the leaders in the Women's Christian Temperance union, fell at Leland and Pemberton avenues and suffered a fracture of the hip. Mrs. Carse was on her way to church. She lay helpless for nearly half an hour before found. She was conveyed to her home, 1920 Magnolia avenue, and Dr. J. S. Presnell summoned. She is resting easily and her condition is not considered dangerous.

Influences a Juror.

Dubuque, Iowa, Feb. 11.—Thomas Phillips, a prominent politician and merchant, charged with influencing a juror in the interest of Alphonse Matthews, attorney for a corporation, was found guilty and fined \$10. Matthews was discharged.

Dyspepsia—Name of Human Existence.

Burdock, Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggists.

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Woods' Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help.

Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

## ..LINK AND PIN..

News for the Railroad Men.

Notes of the Railroads

Vice President Bird of the Gould lines arrived in Chicago yesterday after a visit to the site of the world's fair in St. Louis.

A survey of the Big Four railroad is now being made for the purpose of making a uniform grade from Harrisburg to Paris, Ill.

Manager Bancroft of the Union Pacific announces the appointment of J. M. Gruber, formerly of the Rock Island, as general superintendent of the Union Pacific.

President Ramsey of the Wabash has gone to New York to confer with George Gould, chairman of the board, on various matters connected with the Wabash expansion eastward.

W. B. Dixon, the Northwestern passenger agent of the St. Paul, with headquarters in St. Paul, has been granted a leave of absence and will spend the balance of the winter in Florida.

J. D. Welsh, superintendent of the Fort Worth and Denver road, with headquarters at Childress, has resigned and tomorrow he will resume his old position of superintendent of the Colorado Southern.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana railway will be one of the first to install a car telephone service which can be used while the train is in motion and at any place desirable. The car telephone is a recent invention.

Representatives of all lines operating in Mississippi have agreed, after a three days' session at Memphis, to adopt the uniform classification of all community rates, as suggested by the railroad commission of Mississippi.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Wabash Railroad company will be held at Toledo, O., March 22, when the directors will recommend a stock increase of \$50,000,000. According to President Ramsey the stock will be issued to meet certain legal requirements imposed by the laws of Missouri and will remain in the company's treasury.

Articles of incorporation of a new Dakota railroad company have been filed with the South Dakota secretary of state. The project is known as the Watertown and Webster railroad, which is to be fifty miles in length, running from Watertown and Day counties, and is capitalized at \$500,000. The directors are all men along the line.

## A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

J. P. Baker, G. E. King & Co., F. H. Heimstra, Smith's Pharmacy, People's Drug Co., E. H. Ramon & Co., Janesville, Wis.

CHURCH MERGING  
WORK CONTINUED

T. E. Bennison Elected Sunday School Superintendent of Central M. E. Church—Aid Societies Combine

The ladies of the two former Methodist congregations met in the parlors of the First M. E. church this afternoon for the purpose of organizing a ladies' aid society of the Central M. E. church. The First church society had a membership of about sixty-five and it is expected that 130 or more will be enrolled in the new organization.

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Our sheep market was heavily supplied today but yesterday's prices were pretty well maintained. We have had heavy receipts this week but the demand has been nearly equal to the supply. We believe we will continue to have a good steady trade for the immediate future.

Yours very truly,

DANIELS, WELLS & CARPENTER.

Every Day the Best.

Write it on your heart that every day is the best day of the year.—Emerson.

Luck of a Rappicker.

A rappicker in London recently found money to the value of \$120 in a basketful of rags for which she had paid a few pennies to a chambermaid, who did not know that her mistress was using it as a savings bank.

DID NOT FRIGHTEN PEOPLE.

When Father Knupp perfected the corrected coffee which made his "cure" so astonishingly effective he did not have to frighten people into drinking it—the flavor being equal to the finest coffee. The Emperor of Austria, the King of Italy and Twenty-One Royal Courts of Europe use it. It is of course infinitely superior to any coffee substitute. A trial will surprise you. All grocers sell it.

Overcome X-Ray Burns.

The X-ray treatment for cancer can now be applied to some internal organs by means of Crookes bulbs fitted with ebony handles, which the surgeon can hold and so apply the rays locally without running the risk of bringing about X-ray burns of the overlying tissues.

NEW FAKES THAT  
CATCH THE COINNEWSPAPERDOM EXPOSES THE  
LATEST SWINDLING DODGE.

## HOW THE GAME IS WORKED

Clever Dodges That Compel the Re-  
ceiver of the Note to Pay  
Up Quickly.

There are so many fakes going about the country in this time of prosperity seeking whom they may devour that to forestall one is really a work of kindness to the general public.

The following extract from the *Newspaperdom* explains one of the latest tricks of the trade. The person has as yet been touched in this subtle manner but it is a known fact that a prominent Madison lady had her pocket book touched to the tune of some money on just such a game about Christmas.

It is authoritatively stated that the Jeffersonville, Ind., branch of the American Car and Foundry company will be closed down permanently the next five months, throwing two thousand men out of employment. The monthly is \$70,000. The cause assigned is the recent numerous strikes at the local plant, and the coming election.

Eleven chandler factories in Chicago, against which a strike was called by the Brass Workers' union, will remain closed until April 1, unless the brass workers agree to accept the terms offered them by the employers prior to the beginning of the strike.

The president of the Normandy Spinners' Syndicate has cabled to Lancashire (Eng.) Federation that 56 per cent of the spinners in Normandy are stopping a day per week, and adding that this will continue until the end of March.

Six hundred members of the National Union of United Brewery Workers in Pittsburgh, Pa., have been given an increase in wages averaging 10 per cent. The new scale submitted called for 2 cents an hour increase for all workmen. It is signed for three years.

It is said that the promoters of Australia, Canada, Cape Colony and Natal are to unite in protesting to the Imperial Government against the introducing of Chinese labor in the Rand, Transvaal Colony, South Africa.

Representatives of the lithographing concerns of the country, who have met in Chicago, state that the idea of a national organization is not to oppose the unions, but to conciliate and deal with them.

There is sign of labor trouble in the Lake Superior region the coming year except among the steam shovel men, who are expecting a reduction of pay to \$3 a day.

Membership in the Boot and Shoe Makers' Union of the United States and Canada has doubled in the last two years, having now more than 20,000 members.

The union label of the Painters' and Decorators' Union was endorsed and will be recognized throughout the State by the State Building Trades' Council of California.

Cincinnati, Ohio, master plumbers have decided to adhere rigidly to the open shop system and to maintain the present position with the locked out journeymen plumbers.

Fourteen labor bills have been drawn up by the New York State Federation of Labor, to be presented to the Legislature this season.

Delegates representing sixteen cities and more than 4,000 engineers of Massachusetts have formed a State organization of engineers' unions.

In Indiana the total number of establishments which employ union labor is 961, giving work to 91,153 men.

London, England, postmen are complaining of their low wages, and may organize to procure better working conditions.

Colorado State Federation of Labor has decided to align itself in the next election with that political party which pledges itself to support the principles of organized labor.

TO REMODEL THE  
OLD POSTOFFICE

Contract Has Been Awarded Blair &amp; Summers, and Work Will Commence Immediately.

Bids for remodeling the old post office on West Milwaukee street, were opened yesterday in the presence of A. P. Lovejoy, the owner, and it was found that the one offered by the local contracting firm of Blair & Summers was the lowest of the five. The contracting price is about \$15,000.

Work will be commenced at once and rushed to completion. When finished the structure will be one of the most modern in the city.

Explosion Wrecks Windows.

Lima, O., Feb. 11.—Three thousand residence windows were broken and household goods overturned by the shock resulting from explosion of three nitroglycerin magazines near Lima.

## SOFTNESS OF SEALSKIN.

Is Rivalled by Human Hair Where Dandruff is Enlarged.

## Coming Attractions.

Creator comes to Janesville for a Sunday evening concert March 6th. The Akron papers say of the musical treat: Of all the musical organizations that have ever visited Akron, none has ever delighted its audience as did Creator's Italian band at the Colonial theatre last evening. A large audience was present, and to say that every one was delighted would be to put it very mildly. One could not help but be transported, carried away, at the grand bursts of music which marked the climaxes, while the softer and more subtle parts soothed and entranced beyond measure. It was a musical feast such as Akron people have never before had the pleasure of partaking of, and no one wonders now that the band has created such a furor throughout the country.

While the band is composed of individually fine musicians, as was amply evidenced in the sextet from "Lucia di Lammermoor," its success is due to the leader, the great Creator. It is his wonderful baton that seems to fairly draw the music out of the instruments of his men. Never before has a leader been seen to

work so hard and to whom apparently is due so much credit for the results achieved. The listener feels his very soul going out as he watches the movements of the bandleader and every sympathetic feeling is in perfect accord with him. Those movements, which at first seemed so bizarre and grotesque, become the very spirit and essence of music and one soon forgets that there was something to laugh at in his admiration and wonder. After having seen him, there can be no suspicion that Creator is striving after sensationalism. He feels the music which he is endeavoring to secure from his band, and whatever gyrations he may indulge in are the unconscious results of his efforts in that direction. The exactness with which every note is produced seems to be and is the product of the efforts of the director. Particularly in the climaxes is this true, and in the great crashes which mark some of the numbers on the program the genius of Creator is most evident. Nothing has ever been heard in Akron for thrilling grandeur which excelled the overture of "Tannhauser" as given by this band.

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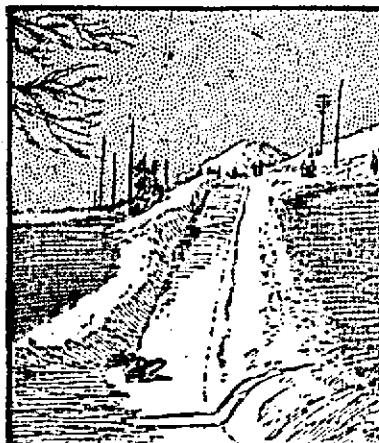
## Winter Pastimes.

### Sled Racing and Leaping at St. Moritz, Switzerland & Madison (Wis.) Iceboating.

Switzerland may well be termed "the home of the ice sportsman," notwithstanding Canada's strong claim to the title.

In the little Alpine republic all sorts of snow and ice pastimes thrive, and most are of the simplest description. For instance, one of the leading diversions is coasting, on a much more extensive and yet less complicated plan than our tobogganing.

Instead of erecting clubhouses and designing elaborate inclined wooden structures, as do our toboggan enthusiasts, as a general rule the Swiss sportsmen select an extended stretch of sloping ground, providing one or more



SCENE ON THE FAMOUS CRESTA RUN, ST. MORITZ.

particularly steep ascents here and there, and lay out racing courses by banking the snow on either side andounding the floor of the track to board-like hardness. Now all is ready, and many clad natives and tourists vie in sledding from end to end against time.

Some sensational records have been made, as the sleds bound downward with tremendous velocity.

A favorite variation of coasting is "sled leaping," which consists of speeding to an icy "take off," where the coaster pulls upward on his sled in its bounding flight and launches forward into a bed of loosely packed snow.

He who covers the greatest distance over the snow bed from the "take off," is, of course, the winner.

The center of Swiss snow and ice sports is the famed resort, St. Moritz. There has been constructed a magnificent sledding track called the Cresta run.

The run can be used all winter, and travelers consider it a potent attraction when outlining trips on the continent.

In the illustrations accompanying this article are shown scenes on the Cresta run.

Madison, Wis., has one of the largest and fastest fleets of ice yachts in the northwest. The Madison Yacht club has a membership of nearly 100, most of whom are active and own and run ice yachts. It is no uncommon sight to see from thirty to fifty yachts on the lakes flanking the city any pleasant day during the winter.

The yachts carry from two to ten persons, depending upon their size and the velocity of the wind.

The speed attained in a stiff wind is often terrific, exceeding frequently a mile a minute.

On a pleasant day, with the wind favorable, the yachts will often race fast trains on the Chicago and North-Western road running along Lake Monona, and it is a poor boat that cannot easily fly away from the trains.

Most of the boating is done on Lake Monona because that is less troubled with snow than Lake Mendota, though when the latter is in good condition it is far the more popular, as it is the larger and consequently affords longer sweeps.

The best yacht on the Madison lakes is the Princess, owned by Emil Fauerbach. It was made a year ago by Boatbuilder William Bernard of Madison and is a stanch, graceful little craft modeled upon ideal lines.

After winning everything around Madison Mr. Fauerbach took his boat

bate on the question, "Resolved, that the word 'obey' should be left out of the marriage ceremony," was very ably discussed and was decided in favor of the negative, which was argued by Mr. Ed. Wallin and Mrs. Harriet Pearson.

JOHNSTOWN Johnstown, Feb. 11.—Mrs. J. W. Jones was ill last week with a severe attack of bronchitis. Dr. Rockwell attended her.

Silas Loche and family will move the first of March onto their farm recently purchased of Mr. Backee in the north part of the town.

Wednesday evening a load of young men and boys went to serenade Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Mathews with guns and the horns. When the first trumpet sounded they were met at the door with a keg of beer and quietly returned home.

The February thaw last Saturday brought the tobacco crop in good case and it has been taken down from the poles in fine condition and every body that will work is pressed into service. We have some of the finest tobacco in this section that has been raised in years.

Frank Nickeron captured the lady's first prize at M. Holbrook's euchre party Saturday evening in Richmond.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Holoverson entertained relatives from Richmond Sunday.

Mrs. Thos. Cavaney spent Monday at her mother's, Mrs. M. Ward.

FOOTVILLE Footville, Feb. 11.—The M. E. prayer meeting will be held at the home of Mr. Mark Thompson Thursday afternoon at 2 p. m.

There will be a big auction sale Feb. 12 at this place, commencing at 10 a. m. It being the property of Messrs. David and Rice. John Ryan is auctioneer.

Mrs. Harry Silverthorn is reported on the sick list.

F. D. Pepper spent part of last week in Madison.

Mr. Ernest Parmley who was taken to the hospital in Janesville last week is not improving as fast as his many friends wishes he might.

Mrs. and Mrs. John Spooner of Mrs. John Spooner were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sol Strang Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Milton Wells is still in Iowa assisting in revival meetings.

Mrs. McCarthy is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Devins.

MARK HANNA GETTING BETTER

Senator Takes Nourishment Regularly and is Resting Comfortably.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Senator Hanna is resting comfortably. His condition shows improvement. He is taking nourishment regularly and the stomach trouble from which he suffered has practically disappeared. The doctors have issued the following bulletin on Senator Hanna's condition: "Mr. Hanna's temperature at 6 a. m. was 100.2, pulse 92, respiration 24. There has been some irritability of the stomach. Otherwise the symptoms are favorable and there are no complications."

Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh, or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a disease and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a Home of Swamp-Root pamphlet telling all about Swamp-Root, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper. Don't make any mistake, remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



A SWISS NATIVE MAKING A SLED LEAPING

to the Gull lake regatta at Kalamazoo, Mich., last winter, where it made a splendid showing, winning two of the four races for outside boats and breaking the world's record by making ten miles in sixteen minutes.

In addition to the Princess there are a score of high class yachts in Madison, any one of which would be a credit to the sport. Among the very best are the Zaza, owned by Louis H. Hoblins, and the Eleanor, owned by W. Delke. These boats have demonstrated their fleetness repeatedly and have fully won their title to first rank.

Mrs. C. H. Jennings, Boston—"Our babies (twins), were sickly. Had several doctors, but, no results. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea made them strong and robust." 25 cents. Tea or tablet form. A. Voiss' Pharmacy.

## SLAVERY IS OVER.

Secretary Taft Says Bondage Has Disappeared From Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Secretary of War Taft reviewed conditions in the Philippine Islands before the house committee on insular affairs. In regard to the Patterson bill to abolish slavery in the islands, he said that there was not the slightest objection to the passage of the bill, although, in his judgment, there was no use for the measure, as slavery already had been abolished legislatively by the terms of the Philippine act. Regarding the friar-land negotiations, while the Philippine government might lose perhaps \$1,500,000 or \$2,000,000 by the purchase of the friar lands and their subsequent sale to Filipinos, he thought the beneficial effects from a political standpoint amply justified this transaction.

## Fire Shell Fifteen Miles.

Washington, Feb. 11.—One of the officers of the battleship Missouri, which has been engaged in target practice off the Chesapeake capes, came to the Navy Department with a remarkable statement. He said that one of the 12-inch guns, being elevated seven degrees, let fly a shell which the strongest glass could not follow to the end of its flight. Later a passing steamer reported that the shot had struck the sea within 300 yards of her. The steamer was distant from the Missouri just fifteen miles.

## Aged Usurp to Speak.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Among the speakers at the Lincoln banquet in Grand Rapids, Mich., Friday night will be Thomas F. Pendel, who for forty years has been an usher in the White House. Pendel is now 80 years old, and it was he who last escorted President Lincoln from the White House to his carriage on the night of the assassination. Mr. Pendel goes as the guest of Representative William Alden Smith, who also will be accompanied by Baron von Sternberg, the German ambassador.

## Hay's Carriages.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The State Department answer to the House carriage resolution was transmitted to that body by President Roosevelt. The total cost of the carriage outfit is \$2,846. Four assistant messengers at \$60 a month are employed as drivers. No footmen or automobiles are employed.

## Favor Put-in-Bay.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The Ohio delegation in the House met and indorsed an amendment to the naval appropriation bill providing for a naval training station at Put-in-Bay, Lake Erie, instead of the proposed station on Lake Michigan.

## Food of Chinese.

The great majority of the Pekin population are nourished mainly by millet simply boiled in water, rice, cabbage, sweet potatoes, pickled turnips. The Chinese eat also much Indian meal and wheat, of which they make oakes with dough not leavened and cooked by steam. Thanks to this regime the Chinese enjoy an admirable liberte du ventre, and that undoubtedly is the cause of their appendicular immunity.

JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT

Quotations on Grain and Produce

Reported for the Gazette.

REPORTED BY F. A. BROON & CO.

Feb. 10, 1904.

Flour—1st Pat. at \$1.25 to \$1.30 and 2nd at \$1.15 to \$1.20 per sack.

Wheat—No. 2 Winter, 75¢/40c; No. 3 Spring, 52¢/55 cents.

Rye—By sample, at \$1.00 per bush.

Bailey—Extra 40¢/45¢; fair to good malting 44¢/50¢; mostly grade, 25¢/30¢.

Coax—Bar, new, per ton, \$11-\$12.00 depending on quality.

Oats—No. 3 white, 35¢/40¢; fair, 33¢/35¢.

Cloves—Barrel—\$7.75 to \$8.00 per bush.

Timothy—Bran—Retail—At \$1.30 to \$1.40 per bush. Buy at \$1.10 to \$1.30 per sack.

Pearl—Porc corn and oats, 12¢/14¢/15¢/16¢/17¢.

Barley—\$1.00 in 200 lb. sacks per ton.

Flour—Middlings—\$1.21 sacked, \$1.00 per ton. Red. Doz. \$23.00. Standard Middlings, \$1.00 per sack.

Oil Meal—\$1.00 per ton.

Coax Meal—\$1.00-\$2.00 per ton.

Hay—\$3.00 per ton; baled, \$3.00.

THE GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE.

The Peoples Drug Company Will Return Money If Hyomei Fails. No Stomach Dosing.

Hyomei has made so many cures of the most chronic and deep seated cases of catarrh, that The Peoples Drug company consider it a specific in this disease.

They extend an invitation to all catarrh sufferers to call at their store and purchase a Hyomei outfit with the distinct understanding that it will be absolutely free unless it effects a cure.

The chief reason for the unusual success of Hyomei in the treatment of catarrhal troubles and other diseases of the air passages, is the fact that it cures by a new principle, impregnating the air you breathe with healing and germ-killing balsams. On this account it reaches the seat of the disease in a way impossible to pills, drugs or other stomach dosing.

Many of the peoples Drug company's customers who have suffered with catarrh since childhood, have been cured completely by this scientific remedy.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs \$1, and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the purse or pocket, a medicine dropper and a bottle of Hyomei. Extra bottles can be obtained for 50¢, making it a most economical remedy for the cure of catarrh.

Do not suffer longer with catarrhal disorders, but get a Hyomei outfit from The Peoples Drug company, under their guarantee to return the money if it fails. You run no risk whatever. If it cures, the treatment is not expensive, while it it fails, The Peoples Drug company will refund your money and it costs you absolutely nothing.

Homeseekers' Excursions to the Northwest, West and Southwest, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Effective only on the 1st and 3d Tuesday of each month. Special reduced round-trip excursion tickets will be sold to territory indicated above, and one way colonist rates west. For details apply to agent C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Tired and Overstrained—Now Strong and Well—These Thankful Women Send Their Praise for

## PAINES' CELERY COMPOUND.

When Nerves Burned Out By Strain of Toil and Care

### IT GAVE NEW NERVE FORCE

When the pace of modern life has burned up all the nerve force IT BURNS UP THE NERVES THEMSELVES unless new force is supplied.

This is a scientific fact. Let it throw its light upon these letters, written by men and women in all walks of life, as you read how Paine's Celery Compound saved and helped them.

"It Has Been Worth a Thousand Dollars to Me."

By Miss Florence Worden.

New York, Nov. 9, 1903.

314 W. 47th St.

"Paine's Celery Compound has been worth a thousand dollars to me. I would certainly not take that sum and give back the benefit I have received from your remedy."

"Last Spring the strain of my professional duties left me a nervous wreck. I went home, and for weeks was nursed by my mother as an absolute invalid.

"My digestion was very weak, and I suffered agonies from neuralgia. Our doctor said it was all due to my weakened nerves, but he was not able to make me any better.

"A girl friend who heard of my illness sent me a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, with such a cheerful, hopeful letter, telling what it had done for her, that I was encouraged to give it

## THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE

Entered at the post office at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Daily Edition—By Carrier	\$0.00
One Year	30.00
Six Month	15.00
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CASH IN ADVANCE	
One Year	4.00
Six Month	2.00
One Year—Rural delivery in Rock Co. 1.50	
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WEEKLY EDITION—One Year	1.50
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Generally fair, tonight with possible snow flurries.

## NOTICE TO PATRONS

Subscribers will confer a favor by reporting to the office any neglect on the part of carrier boys in the delivery of the paper. The boys are instructed to put the paper in mail boxes wherever they are supplied, and to call "paper" on delivery.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

**THE DEVIL AND THE DEEP SEA**  
The Wall Street Journal has in a recent issue a telling editorial which is well worth being copied from one end of the United States to the other. It talks politics from start to finish and politics that it does one good to read:

"A certain section of the financial world found itself between the devil and the deep sea, as represented respectively by President Roosevelt and the Democratic party. Ever since Attorney-General Knox took action in the Northern Securities case on the President's order, it has been clear that the powers of Wall street desired his defeat. Anything to defeat Roosevelt has been the motto since that time. It is not necessary to describe the details, but it is quite important to note the fact that Wall street, or at least a very large section of Wall street, apparently finds itself in the position of having to aid Mr. Roosevelt to a nomination, or to aid the Democratic party in compassing his defeat. No one supposes at this time that the Republican party can possibly win with anybody but President Roosevelt. He can only be beaten by a Democrat. Wall street thus is compelled to take either a Republican whom it cannot control, or a Democrat whose purpose it abhors. The chances are, however, that in the next few months we shall see a determined effort made to undermine the President's position and weaken his hold on his party, and the people at large."

These words, written a year ago, have been confirmed by the course of events since. These financial interests have not come out in the open in antagonism to Mr. Roosevelt, but by every secret channel of influence, in conversation, in correspondence, in intrigue, and especially through the medium of those newspapers which they control, they have made every effort to undermine President Roosevelt's popularity, weaken his strength with business men, and create such a feeling against him as would secure his defeat for the Republican nomination, or, failing in that, to make sure of the nomination by the Democratic party of a candidate who might be depended upon to defeat Mr. Roosevelt at the polls, and thereafter consult the interests of these financial leaders.

What has been the result of these efforts? For a time it looked, indeed, as if possibly the attempt to defeat Roosevelt might succeed. The reaction in trade was used with some effect against him. The fears of conservative business men were played upon and the idea that the President was "unsafe" was spread abroad. But it soon became apparent that the inroads made upon the President's popularity and upon the confidence which is so generally held in his honesty of purpose and his courage in action, were not serious. The attempt to concentrate the opposition to him around the person of Senator Hanna has failed miserably. The "alluring bait" which has been dangled one after the other before the eyes of Secretary Hay and Secretary of War Taft, to get them to consent to stand for the nomination in opposition to their chief has not been seized. Both men have stood firm and faithful to the head of the administration to which they belong. After several months of labor, of agitation, of secret intrigue, these financial interests have at least discovered that the effort to defeat Mr. Roosevelt for the nomination is hopeless.

Meanwhile they have been giving aid and encouragement to the conservative element in the Democratic party in its attempt to reorganize Mr. Bryan and Bryanism out of it. It, Mr. Roosevelt could not be defeated

for the nomination, the financial interests opposing him were prepared to defeat him at the polls by a Democratic candidate, with whom they might be able to do business. For a time the Democratic reorganizers appeared to make great headway. They met with warm support of many sincere and honest Democrats who were obliged to abandon the party in the last two presidential campaigns on account of the financial heresies contained in Mr. Bryan's platform, but who earnestly desired an opportunity to return to the party fold provided they could do so on terms which would preserve their self-respect and honesty. But the reorganizers have found it impossible to agree upon any candidate who would be able to unite the two irreconcilable elements in the party. One after another have the names of Cleveland, Olney, Gorman, Parker and McClellan been used, but without securing that unanimity and enthusiasm which give promise of success. There is reason to believe that the fact that the financial interests in Wall street opposed to Mr. Roosevelt were waiting for an opportunity to attach themselves to a conservative Democrat, who might be nominated by that party, has served to weaken the movement of the Democratic reorganizers by loading it with the burden of this Wall street support. Whatever was to be gained by a decision in the ranks of the Republican party and the securing of substantial pecuniary support from the financial interests, was lost in popular standing by the conviction that an alliance was contemplated between the Democratic party and that element in Wall street which opposed Roosevelt because they could not control him.

But whatever progress was made by the Democratic reorganizers, they were brought to a sudden halt by the aggressive stand taken by Mr. Bryan upon his return from Europe. Whatever else may be thought about Mr. Bryan, there can be no doubt that his public utterance, since returning, have made a deep impression. He is the only figure now which looms large upon the Democratic horizon, and he is the only Democratic leader who has the courage of his convictions. His recent utterances make the prospect of the nomination of a conservative candidate at the St. Louis convention of the Democratic party very doubtful indeed. It take a two-thirds vote to nominate a candidate in the Democratic convention, and to say that Mr. Bryan and following will control at least one-third of the delegates seems a very modern estimate.

Thus the "anything to beat Roosevelt" movement started by those Wall street interests which discovered that a President whom they had paid their good money to help elect would not recognize a financial obligation to them, has gone to pieces. These financial interests are, indeed, between "the devil and the deep sea." They have not even succeeded in arraying Wall street solidly against him. Some of the most substantial and highly respected financiers have refused to take part in the movement against him.

Those newspapers which are known to be most closely identified with the financial interests opposed to Roosevelt now admit that his nomination is inevitable.

Harpers' Weekly, whose connection with certain of these financial interests is so close as to make its utterances an official expression of their views says in its last issue:

"Anything to beat him (Mr. Roosevelt) is the expression of a stern determination, a Republican preferably, a Democrat if necessary, but anybody will do." Then later it speaks of the situation as being "a choice of evils."

Thus one year after the publication in the Wall Street Journal, Harper's Weekly as an organ of the financial interests opposed to Roosevelt admits that its diagnosis is correct.

Harper's Weekly even goes so far as to admit that any conservative Democrat would be backed by a campaign fund ten times as large as could be raised for Mr. Roosevelt, but it is convinced that Mr. Hanna's nomination would result in the nomination and election of Bryan by the Democrats, and it takes the stand that Mr. Roosevelt's nomination would result in the naming of his antithesis by the Democrats. This, it says, would be a "choice of evils" which is only another way of repeating what we said a year ago, that these financial interests stand between "the devil and the deep sea."

Now what is the meaning of this latest court circular announcement? It is so plain that he who runs may read and comprehend. Summed up, it is this:

The financial interests who are opposed to Roosevelt, because they cannot use him, have made up their minds that his nomination is inevitable; and that to defeat him with Mr. Hanna or some other Republican in sympathy with him would result in the nomination and election of Bryan. Therefore, as a choice of evils they bow to the nomination of Roosevelt, in hopes that that will force the nomination of a Democrat who would, if elected, consult these interests, and for whom, therefore, they could give their votes and their support. The prospect of the nomination of a conservative Democrat is becoming more and more distant. The financial interests, therefore, have failed to get rid of the devil and they find that the great deep sea into which they were at first willing to jump as a choice of evils is controlled now, as in 1896 and 1900, by the spirit of Bryanism—but a Bryanism strengthened and broadened.

**THE BABCOCK CONTEST.**  
The Third district is the storm center at present time, and the ad-

JUNIOR PROM IS  
TO COST MONEY

The Class Will Lose Four Hundred  
Dollars on the Great Dance of  
the Year.

(Special to The Gazette)  
Madison, Wis., Feb. 10.—The junior promenade to be given Friday night will net a financial loss of \$400 to the student board managing the ultra-swell dance. At a meeting of the board tonight it developed that only 217 of the \$6 admission tickets had been sold, while the board had counted on selling 310. The contracted expenses are approximately \$1,800. The fraternity orders for tickets fall off on an average of five for each Greek letter society. The reasons for the financial failure of the prom, this year, rather than a profit-making event as in previous years, are the failure of the leaders of Madison society to participate, unprecedented restrictions by the faculty reducing the brilliancy of the affair and taking from the patronage, and the exorbitant price of admission, \$6 a couple.

Should the governor lose, as he is likely to do, it will be a body blow to the administration.

To those who have watched the course of events it is very apparent that the governor has undertaken a larger contest than he is able to carry out. Mr. Babcock may not be in accord with modern reform. He could not very well be and maintain self-respect. But he is a long ways from being either a fool or asleep.

The state has no more astute politician than this same man Babcock, and when his convention convenes, lastly next month, it will be discovered that he is very much in evidence. He is entitled to win, and there is but little doubt that he will.

## PRESS COMMENT.

Milwaukee Free Press: Doctor Wilder says that President Roosevelt dare never declare war, because 10,000,000 breakfast tables would break out and cry, "I told you so." But that would never deter him from declaring war. He would not care for the 1-toddle-yousos of ten million times ten million breakfast tables. He would rather be pleased to think that the people know him so well. But there are reasons why President Roosevelt will never dare declare war.

They are more important reasons than all of the breakfast tables in christendom. There are, in fact, two reasons why he will never do it. One is, he has no power to do it; and the other is, congress does have that power. So the doctor is right when he gravely remarks that President Roosevelt will never dare declare war.

Rice Lake Leader: The claims of the political henchmen (paid by the state) that La Follette was the originator of the anti-pass and advalorem railroad taxing laws is all baloney rot. The only piece of legislation for which Mr. La Follette can claim responsibility is the mortgage tax law by which over \$20,000,000 worth of mortgages in the hands of capitalists and money loaners escaped taxation, the taxes which they should have paid being spread out on the little holdings of "God's patient poor." The poor are taxed and the rich go free. Verily, the governor is a great man—for the rich.

Eau Claire Leader: At Janesville a local paper printed a list of bachelors, and announced that later it would print a list of old maids. The maids of the town got together and had legal papers served on the unwise editor preventing him from carrying out this fell design. In Eau Claire a different course would have been pursued. The editor here who would have undertaken such an "enterprise" would probably be fed to the fishes of the lordly Clippewa.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: Who is Heil Yi? Why, Heil Yi is "Offspring of the Sun," "Cousin of the Moon," "Familiar of the Stars," etc., etc. In other words, Heil Yi is his majesty the Emperor of Corea. And all things considered, it really seems as if Heil Yi should be quite as much in evidence just now as either Nicholas or Mutuski.

Wisconsin State Journal: In the meantime the attorney general, Mr. Sturdevant, is feeling rather happy than otherwise, and reasonably comfortable because the estranges of his assistant have diverted attention from the moment from the bad mess he got into through opening another man's letter.

La Crosse Chronicle: The conclusion that Mr. Babcock has the Third district well in hand, has become general. There will be further conclusions of similar import reached before the holding of that convention which is to be held in the spring if it isn't held in the fall.

Chicago Chronicle: The Japanese soldiers submit largely on fish and fish will keep without embalming.

Racine Journal: Wisconsin wants and demands less belligerency in her executives. She wants one who will not be the whole push.

I Will Sell  
You Groceries

NOT ONE DAY in the week but every day at the same unprecedented LOW PRICES on Staple and Fancy Groceries. I have sold at the past 60 days, Is there any reason for selling goods one day in the week cheaper than on other days? Do they want to keep customers out of town five days out of six? I will sell you sugar, flour, tea, coffee, soap, tobacco and all staple groceries cheaper than any grocery house in Janesville for each six days in the week from 6 in the morning until 8 in the evening, and will be glad to see my friends at any time whether you want to buy or not. I am headquarter, as usual, for the choicest Clover and Timothy and other field, garden and flower seeds. Respectfully,

W. T. VAN KIRK.  
12 SOUTH RIVER ST.

## Fifty Years the Standard



Improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

## WANT ADS.

FOR SALE—Very choice new milk cow and her calf. See E. A. Freudenthal, at the Gruber Produce Co.

FOR SALE—At a bargain—Roll paper cutter.

FOR SALE—Old paper for shelves and for laying under carpets, five cents a bunch, at Gruber's office.

FOR SALE—A span of ponies, both good saddle drivers—single or double, weight about 1300. Wm. H. Ross, Janesville.

FOR SALE—20 acres of timber land in east Wisconsin. All together or in parcels. In suit. Would trade for an improved farm. Wm. H. Ross, Janesville.

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, with two three-beds from the Postoffice, at 101 South Jackson street.

FOR RENT—Store on West Milwaukee street, at very reasonable rent. H. H. Blanchard.

FOR RENT—Two-room house, rock water; gas, chimney and barn. House in heating plant. Corner Lincoln and Holmes Sts. Possession given at once. Inquire at 103 Cherry street.

FOR RENT—Three-story brick building, I know a buckle factory, on North Franklin street; suitable for tobacco warehouse or manufacturing purposes. One. Wm. Franklin, Adm.

FOR RENT—A 7-room house, hard and soft water. 131 W. Bluff St. Inquire at Lincoln Bluff, 12 N. Franklin St.

## MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—An illustrated catalogue explains the new method for teaching the barber trade. Address A. G. Wells, R. No. 1, Chicago, Illinois.

FOR SALE—One pair of keys to front of American Hotel. Owner will forsake and pay for this notice.

FOR SALE—Three Cents, Mines and Mill; big Gold Co., 3d Black, Denver, Colo. Sunset Gold Co., 3d Black, Denver, Colo.

Archiefield & Co.  
DRY GOODS, CLOTHES, MUFFINS

## SKIRTS--

The sale still going; more skirts added.  
\$5, \$6 and \$7 skirts at \$3.75

## WRAPPERS

Heavy Flannelette Wrappers, \$1.25 and \$1.50 values, 89c all sizes, at

## The Low Prices

named on everything in winter dry goods, such as Blankets, Comforters, Flannels, Underwear and Hosiery, are proving of great interest.

## Millinery--

Everything in this department at HALF PRICE.

## Great Values

In ready-to-wear hats at 50c, \$1, \$1.50 and \$2.

Archiefield & Co.  
DRY GOODS, CLOTHES, MUFFINS

## DON'T WAIT!

for wet, sloppy weather before you buy the right kind of Shoes for such days. We have some fine bargains in

JUST THE SHOES  
YOU SHOULD HAVE

For Men and Women

These come in Vici Kid, Patent Kid, Colt and Calf, Box Calf and Enamel, heavy and light weights.

\$3.50 Shoes will sell for 2.85  
\$3.00 Shoes will sell for 2.48

These Shoes are  
Rare Bargains for  
Friday and Saturday

AMOS REHBERG & CO.,  
Two Stores. On Bridge.  
Janesville, Wis.

## Insurance Companies of Solid Worth

The following Companies represented by F. H. Snyder have been unaffected by the recent fires:

Wilkes-Barre City, Brooklyn, N. Y.	1863
Robt. W. & G. in New York	1872
Lumbermen's, Philadelphia, Pa.	1872
Reliance, Philadelphia, Pa.	1873
American, Boston, Mass.	1874
Metropolitan, Milwaukee, Wis.	1878
Allentown, Pittsfield, Mass.	1878
Dubu	

## OLDEST OF THE ODD FELLOWS

VOLNEY ATWOOD JOINED LOCAL LODGE IN 1847.

## A CELEBRATION IS PLANNED

Wisconsin Lodge and Rebekahs Will Have Supper and Festivities Feb. 29—His Birthday on Leap Year.

Members of Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14 of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the America Rebekah Social club, and families will participate in a supper and other festivities at the East Side Odd Fellows' hall on the evening of March 29. Full arrangements have not yet been completed but it is certain to be an enjoyable evening for all who will be present.

In Honor of Volney Atwood The guest of honor at the merrymaking and celebration will be Volney Atwood, the oldest Odd Fellow in Wisconsin. Mr. Atwood joined Lodge No. 14 in Janesville in 1847.

Unique Distinction

Besides this unique distinction Mr. Atwood has another. He is perhaps the only man in Janesville who has a birthday but once in four years. This anniversary occurs on the 29th of February and he will be ninety-four years old at that time.

## SMALL ARMY OF THE UNEMPLOYED

Has Been Drifting Through Janesville the Past Fortnight—Seek Lodging at Lock-Up.

A small army of the unemployed drifting northward toward Fond du Lac and westward toward Monroe has been passing through Janesville during the last fortnight. Many are in search of work but the greater percentage belong to that flotsam and jetsam of humanity which is collectively labelled the "hobo." Seven applied for lodgings in the lock-up last evening and the number was even larger the first of the week. Very few are intoxicated. They merely ask for permission to sleep on the board benches or on the floor and after a breakfast in the morning continue on their way. Very few appear at the jail a second time.

## MEN OF MYSTERY AT COURT HOUSE

Are Making Full Copies of Records of Land Transactions—Keeping Purpose of Visit a Secret.

The presence of two mysterious strangers in the courthouse for the past few days aroused some little curiosity as to their identity and errand. In the county clerk's office they made a full copy of the list of land sales in Rock county last year as well as the abstract of assessments, and they are now huddled with the books of record in the register of deeds' office. The railroads will be taxed on their valuations beginning this year and it is surmised that these men are sent here by one of the two companies. They refuse to say what their mission is, in as polite a manner as possible.

## MANY ATTENDED DR. CARR'S FUNERAL

Prominent Beloit Man Was Buried in Line City This Morning.

The funeral of Dr. B. J. Carr of Beloit held this forenoon from St. Thomas' church was one of the largest held in Beloit for a long time. The various lodges and societies with which deceased was affiliated had made arrangements to attend the final obsequies in bodies, while other organization of the city were represented on a large by the members individually.

Several of the lodges in the neighboring cities also sent up large delegations and brethren. The Rockford Eagles attended in a body.

The Brauning Comedy company, which opened an engagement here this evening, also paid tribute of respect to deceased's memory through the Eagles on the troupe.

The services began at 10 o'clock and the words of sympathy and confidence were spoken by Father Ward, pastor of St. Thomas' church.

## SHEBOYGAN MAN BROUGHT TO CITY

John J. Johnson Who Claims Rock County As Home Taken to Insane Asylum.

A. J. Whitten, superintendent of the Sheboygan county asylum, arrived in the city last night, having in charge John J. Johnson, who claims to be a resident of this county. Mr. Johnson was committed to the asylum last July while temporarily residing in Sheboygan, and was by order of the State Board of Control, transferred to the Rock county asylum. They were met at the depot by Supt. Killam and the patient was taken to the asylum here. Mr. Johnson formerly resided in this city and is a blacksmith by trade.

## CREDITORS TO GET BUT 15 PER CENT

Settlement of European Hotel Claims Has Not Yet Been Made—\$750 to Settle for \$3,350.

A settlement of the European hotel claims has not been reached. There is \$750 to divide among claimants to whom was due some \$3,350. Nothing has been heard from Charles H. Johnson, the former landlord who left all of these debts behind him.

To Mrs. Louise Astin, the cook, is due \$300 in wages and \$300 which she loaned Johnson. She has nothing to show for the loan but a check and there is considerable controversy over all owing this portion of the claim. Her wages for 13 weeks amounting to \$78 will come in as preferred claims.

Fifteen per cent of the balance due her, even if the loan is allowed, will be the best she will receive. In all she will, therefore, receive about \$150 out of her \$300.

Carpenters are putting in a new floor in the general foreman's office.

Conductor James McCaffrey, on the Janesville-Chicago accommodation, was off duty yesterday.

## DOG-POISONING CASE ON MONDAY

Was Called in Municipal Court This Morning, But Continued on Request of Defense.

Upon request of the defense in municipal court this morning the Marzluft dog-poisoning case was adjourned until Monday. Fred Marzluft is out of town and the defendant in the action was very anxious that he should be present at the trial. It is likely that some difficulty will be encountered in securing a jury for this second trial. On settlement out of court and payment of costs the McGavort assault and battery case was dismissed.

### FUTURE EVENTS

Prof. Theodore Lyman Wright lectures at high school on "Types or Medina and Nike" Friday afternoon, Feb. 12.

First and second high school basketball teams play Harvard and Y. M. C. A. Friday evening, February 12. The May Davenport Burlesque Co. at Myers' theatre Tuesday evening, February 16.

### LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

Janesville Commandery, No. 2, Knights Templar, at Masonic hall. Den Hurn No. 1, Tribe of Ben Hur, at East Side Odd Fellows' hall. Janesville Lodge, No. 171, Daughters of Rebekah, at West Side Odd Fellows' hall.

Woodworkers' union at Assembly hall.

Electrical Workers' union at Assembly hall.

### BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Valentines at Shelly's, Stoppenthal's sausage, 3c. Nash. Fresh fish, Nash.

Fresh fish for Friday, Taylor Bros. Free embroidery lessons from the 15th to the 20th of February at Toal & Ludwigs.

Mrs. Hemmens of Rockford is visiting with her parents.

Taylor Bros. are selling navel oranges at 35c a peck.

Fresh Pike, trout, whitefish and bullheads, Taylor Bros.

Fine navel oranges, 35c a peck. Taylor Bros.

2-lb. can White House coffee, 75c. Baumann Bros., 14 N. Main St.

Trot, yellow pike, smelt and halibut steak, Nash.

For Friday dinner, pike, trout, whitefish and bullheads, Taylor Bros.

Navel oranges, 35c a peck. Taylor Bros.

Halibut steak and smelt, Nash.

There is a man in this town who has five hundred "idle dollars" and wonders, day by day, how he can set them to work. If you have a good job to offer these idle dollars, tell their owner about it in a business opportunity ad.

Navel oranges, 35c a peck. Taylor Bros.

Get your fish order in early, Nash.

Pork chops, 10c.

Round steak, 12½c.

Sirloin steak, 12½c.

Fine meat, Nash.

Get your meat order in early, Nash.

Fresh bullheads at Johnson's grocery.

Fresh bullheads at Johnson's grocery.

## POLICY HOLDERS IN OLD LINE COMPANIES

Have Nothing to Fear as Regarding the Losses Sustained by Good Companies.

Are your fire insurances placed with companies that stand the losses sustained at Baltimore? If they are in good old line companies that have a million-dollar net surplus or over, the policy holders need not worry in the least. If they are with a mutual company or an inferior stock company, then the policy holders and stockholders will either have to go down in their pockets and pay the losses or let the company go to the wall.

It is agreed that this disaster will put an end to all rate reductions this year, and there may be an advance.

Insurance men hope that there will not be many retirements in consequence of the conflagration. The losses are well distributed, but there may be some reinsurance as a result of depleted surpluses and consequent distrust.

Some compensation was found in the fact that such conflagrations always cause a boom in the demand for fire insurance, and that there will be a largely increased volume of premiums at increasing rates, as was the case after the Chicago fire.

Mr. C. P. Beers, junior member of the firm of Huyn & Beers, said this morning that the policy holders in the old line companies, where a million dollars net surplus or more is represented have nothing to fear.

The larger companies have sustained several large losses, but they are all in a position to meet their obligations to their policy holders, but the smaller and mutual companies there are some doubts as to whether they can meet their heavy losses.

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## GREAT DAY FOR CONGREGATIONAL

CHURCH MEMBERS RESIDING IN JANESEVILLE AND VICINITY

### AT ANNUAL HOME GATHERING

festivities commenced at three o'clock this afternoon—fully 800 will be present tonight.

This is the day set apart by the First Congregational church for a roll-call of members, reports of officers, the annual address of the pastor, and a general home gathering of all who are connected with the organization.

### SERVE SUPPER TONIGHT

The session commenced at three o'clock and most of the afternoon was devoted to the reports of the officers of different societies. At six o'clock this evening supper will be served in the Sunday school rooms and preparations have been made to seat 400 at one time.

### SIX HUNDRED PRESENT

Fully six hundred are expected at the meeting this evening. The historian, Miss Fannie Rychnik, will read an interesting chronicle of all the principal events that have transpired in the lives of members of the congregation during the year. Hon. John M. Whitehead will give the clerk's report for the year and Rev. Denison will deliver the annual address.

### NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Miss J. E. Malone of this city is in Chicago on a business trip. Dr. J. B. Clark went to Stoughton today to test some cattle.

W. G. Heller left yesterday for an extended visit in New Orleans.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gokey, No. 58 Jefferson street, are rejoicing over the arrival of a 12-pound baby boy.

George Wilbur of Beloit spent yesterday in the city with relatives and friends.

Fundy Burke of Beloit was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Taylor Bros. are selling navel oranges at 35c a peck.

Fresh Pike, trout, whitefish and bullheads, Taylor Bros.

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Sirloin steak, 12½c.

Fine meat, Nash.

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### HARD TO FIND A FIRE TEAM

Local Department Has Been Searching Through Southern Part of State Several Weeks Without Success.

Rock and Green counties, Dane, Rock, Lafayette, Grant, Vernon and Jefferson have been ransacked without avail for a suitable fire team to take the place of the little blacks that formerly drew No. 2 hose wagon and were recently disposed of. Chief Klein travelled through Sauk and Richland counties and a part of Wood last Sunday and looked over several teams but none were suitable. C. J. Murphy has temporarily loaned his team to the city until the desired team can be found.

### SUPPLY IS DEPLETED

The search is made even more difficult by the fact that the Madison, Beloit, Rockford, and Elgin departments are in the field for the same purpose.

The low ebb of the horse market a few years ago caused dealers to cease breeding horses of this class.

Mr. Miller of Atton who formerly raised this kind of horses has gone out of business.

The type of horses used by fire departments is in a class by itself. They must belong to a standard breed, with a cross of some hot blood. Horses that will run away are preferred.

### WHAT IS WANTED

They are not "expressers," coach or draft horses. The requirements for a team are as follows: they must be from 15 to 16 and 3 hands high; matched; weighing not less than 1250 pounds or more than 1350; full of life, and without a flaw. One of the most essential things is good wind.

### CURRENT NEWS NOTES

Art League: The regular monthly business meeting of the Art League will be held in the science room at the high school building tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, to be followed by a lecture by Prof. T. L. Wright at 4 o

## The Mississippi Bubble

By EMERSON HOUGH

Author of "The Story of the Cowboy," "The Girl at the Halfway House," Etc.

(Copyright, 1902, by Emerson Hough)

CHAPTER XL.—(Continued.)  
"You devil! you arch fiend!" exclaimed the regent, starting up and laying his hand on his sword. "There is no punishment you do not deserve! You will leave me in this plight—you—you, who have supplanted me at every turn; who made that horrible scene but last night at my own table, within the very gates of the Palais Royal; you, the murderer of the woman I adored! And now, you mocker and flouter of what may be my bitterest misfortune—why, sir, no punishment is sharp enough for you! Why do you stand there, sir? Do you dare to mock me—to mock us, the person of the King?"

"I mock not in the least, your grace," said John Law, "nor do I grieve that I beseech a gentleman. I should have been proud to be known as the friend of Philippe of Orleans, yet I stand before that Philippe of Orleans and tell him that that man doth not live, nor that set of terrors exist, which can frighten John Law, nor cause him to depart from that stand which he once has taken. Sir, if you seek to frighten me, you fail!"

"But, look, you—consider," said the regent. "Something must be done."

"As I said," replied Law. "But what is going to happen? What will the people do?"

"First," said Law, judiciously, flicking at the deep lace of his cuff as though he were taking into consideration the price of a wig or cane, "first, the price of a share having gone to 12,000 livres this morning, by two o'clock will be so low as 10,000. By three o'clock this afternoon it will be 8,000. Then, your grace, there will be panic. Then the spell will be broken. France will rub her eyes and begin to awaken. Then, since the king can do no wrong, and since the regent is the king, your grace can do one of two things. He can send a body-guard to watch my door, or he can see John Law torn into fragments, as these people would tear the real author of their undoing, did they but recognize him."

"But can nothing be done to stop this? Can it not be accommodated?"

"Ask yourself. But I must go on to say what these people will do. All at once they will demand specie for their notes. The Prince de Conti will drive his coaches to the door of your bank, and demand that they be loaded with gold, Jacques et Raoul and Pierre, and every peasant and pavilion in Paris will come with boxes and panniers, and each of them will also demand his gold. Make edicts, your grace. Publish broadcast and force out into publicity, on every highway of France, your decree that gold and silver are not so good as your bank notes; that no one must have gold or silver; that no one must send his gold and silver out of France, but that all must bring it to the king and take for it in exchange these notes of yours. Try that. It ought to succeed, ought it not, your grace?" His bantering tone sank into one of half plausibility.

"Why, surely. That would be the solution."

"Oh, think you so? Your grace is wondrous keen as a financier! Now take the counsel of Dubois, of D'Argenson, my very good friends. This is what they will counsel you to do. And I will counsel you at the same time to avail yourself of their advice. Tell all France to bring in its gold, to enable you to put something essential under the value of all this paper money which you have been sending out so lavishly, so unthinkingly, so without stint or measure."

"Yes. And then?"

"Why, then, your grace," said Law, "then we shall see what we shall see!"

The regent again choked with anger. Law continued. "Go on. Smooth down the back of this animal. Continue to reduce these taxes. The specie of the realm of France, as I am banker enough to know, is not more than 1,300,000,000 livres, allowing 65 livres to the marc. Yet long before this your grace has crowded the issue of our actions until there are out not less than 2,600,000,000 livres in the stock of our company. Your Brothers Paris, your D'Argenson, your Dubois will tell you how you can make the people of France continue to believe that twice two is not four, that twice 17 is not 28!"

"But this they are doing," broke in the regent, with a ray of hope in his face. "This they are doing. We have provided for that. In the council not an hour ago the Abbé Dubois and Monsieur d'Argenson decided that the time had come to make some fixed proportion between the specie and these notes. We have to-day framed an edict, which the parliament will register, stating that the interests of the subjects of the king require that the price of these bank notes should be lessened, so that there may be some sort of accommodation between them and the coin of the realm. We have ordered that the shares shall, within 30 days, drop to 7,500 livres, in another 30 days to 7,000 livres, and so on, at 500 livres a month, until at last they shall have a value of one-half what they were to-day. Then, tell me, my wise Monsieur L'as, would not the issue of our notes and the total of our specie be equal, one with the other? The only wrong thing is this insulting presumption of these people, who have sold actions at a price lower than we have decreed."

Law smiled as he replied. "You say excellently well, my master. These plans surely show that you and your able counselors have studied deeply the questions of finance! I have told you what would happen to-day with-

hood where dwelt the 'Lady Catharine Knollys.' To her the news was brought by a servant, who excitedly burst unannounced into her mistress' presence.

"Madame! Madame!" she cried. "Prepare! 'Tis horrible! 'Tis impossible! All is at an end!"

"What mean you, girl?" cried Lady Catharine, displeased at the disrespect.

bedford, Ind., Feb. 11.—James McDonald, charged with the murder of Miss Sarah Catherine Schaefer, has been taken to Jeffersonville, as mob violence was feared.

Before taking McDonald away the police took him to the alley and shed where the tragedy was committed. While at the scene of the murder he suffered a nervous collapse, which was repeated later when he was shown the bloody garments of the murdered girl. McDonald, when he recovered, cursed the officers and threatened Detective Reed with death when the opportunity offered. He was taken to the scene of the murder at midnight to avoid public attention.

When McDonald's home was searched an overcoat, a pair of pants and a pair of shoes were found to bear blood spots. The shoes fit the plaster casts of the footprints which were made in the alley near the shed where the dead teacher's body was found.

Wife Leaves House.

McDonald's wife says her husband left home the evening of the murder about 6 o'clock to see Dr. Smith and returned about 8 o'clock. He returned under the influence of liquor and was so ugly that she was afraid to stay in the house with him, going for the night to her mother's.

The officials state that McDonald is undoubtedly guilty. They are reserving some points, but what are publicly known are enough to convict him.

Curses the Officers.

The prisoner was taken to Mayor Smith's office before the start for Jeffersonville. He was ugly and cursed the officers fiercely. He said that he could show that he had a good reputation and could prove an alibi without trouble. He was asked to explain how he could show an alibi when he admitted before the court of inquiry he was close to the murder spot at 6:35 o'clock p.m. He said he could do it all right when the time came.

"Stop! Enough of this, Marie!" said the Lady Catharine, sternly. "After this have better wisdom, and do not meddle in things which you do not understand."

"But we shall not be rich, Madame! We are ruined, ruined! Mon Dieu! we poor folk! We had the hope to be persons of quality. 'Tis all the work of this villain Jean L'as. May the bastille get him, or the people, and make him pay for this!"

"Stop! Enough of this, Marie!" said the Lady Catharine, sternly. "After this have better wisdom, and do not meddle in things which you do not understand."

Detective Reed, at whose instance the arrest was made, said: "We base McDonald's arrest on his own words before the court of inquiry as to his whereabouts on the night of the murder. We have good evidence or we would not have made the arrest. The motive was assault."

Declares His Innocence.

McDonald made a statement on arrival at the prison at Jeffersonville. He said: "My right name is William Parsons, although I am known by the name of James McDonald. So far as the crime with which I am charged is concerned, I am as innocent as a man could be. I got into this through my own foolishness. I made false statements before the court of inquiry. I can't explain why I did it, but I suppose it was because I wanted to make people think I knew something about the murder. I know absolutely nothing about the crime. The nearest I was to the place where Miss Schaefer was murdered was over half a block away at the doctor's office. I did not see her that night, never did see her and did not know there was such a woman living. I am not afraid to go back to Bedford, for I know I am innocent."

Was as Messengers.

A French agriculturist has been experimenting with bees as messengers. He has discovered that they will return to their hives from a distance of four miles in about twenty minutes, bearing dispatches, after the manner of homing pigeons. The pigeons will retrace a distance of 500 or even 1,000 miles, and are in little danger of being driven out of business.

"Assuredly. Perhaps within the very hour they will tear down his doors and rend him limb from limb. There is no punishment which can serve him right—him who has ruined our pretty, pretty system. Mon Dieu! It was so beautiful!"

"Is this news certain?"

"Assuredly, most certain. Why should it not be? The entire square in front of the Hotel de Soubise is packed. Unless my lady needs me, I myself must hasten thither to aid in the punishment of this Jean L'as!"

"You will stay here," said Lady Catharine. "Wait! There may be need! For the present, go!"

Left alone, Lady Catharine stood for a moment pale and motionless, in the center of the room. She strode then to the window and looked fixedly out. Her whole figure was tense, rigid. Yonder, over there, across the gabled roofs of Paris, they were clamoring at the door of him who had given back Paris to the king, and France again to its people. They were assailing him—this man so long unfaltering, so inconsistent on his ambitions, so—so steadfast! Could he call him steadfast?

A quick, hard sob broke from her throat. In haste she flew, now to one part of the room, now to another, picking up first this article and then that which seemed of need. And so at last she hurried to the bell-cord.

"Quick," cried she, as the servant at length appeared. "Quick! Do not delay an instant! My carriage is at once!"

(To be Continued.)

"Tis said a bottle and a glass will make a person mellow.

It was late in the day. In fact well on toward night, when the knowledge of the crash came into the neighbor-

hood where dwelt the 'Lady Catharine Knollys.'

James McDonald Proclaims His Innocence of the Crime After Uttering Vile Epithets and Threatening Death to Detective Who Made Arrest.

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# Current Sporting Doings

## Hockey and Its Widespread Popularity. An Irish Game. Automobiling Affairs: W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.: Barney Oldfield's Prediction.

Hockey players are in clover these days. The great sport is now at its height, and indoor and outdoor games are being played with unrestrained enthusiasm.

Hockey teams have been organized in most every city in the United States. Contests are played on rivers and lakes and in enclosed rinks. Pittsburgh and New York may well be said to be the centers of indoor hockey in the east. The outdoor branch of the sport rules favorite in the western and middle western states.

Hockey was brought into this country from Canada, where its popularity is immense proportions. It was exported from England to Canada, and England, in turn, received it from Ireland.

In the accompanying illustration is shown a familiar hockey scene. The photo from which the cut was made was snapped during the "face-off." The puck is being put into play, and the centers of either team face each other, hit the ice three times with their sticks and strike simultaneously at the puck. Whichever hits quicker and

five will not be such hard work as might be supposed. But for every second under thirty-five there will have to be very marked improvement and scientific changes.

"Of course when motors travel thirty seconds to the mile, or a matter of 176 feet to the second, there will be danger. I have predicted a death or two at such speed, and they will come, but that will stop none of us from trying, for think of the good things awaiting the man who goes the mile in half a minute, or at a speed equal to the fastest locomotive!

"I would take nine chances in ten of losing my life to strike that mark, for with a thirty second mile my name would go around the world and my future would be made. Yes, it is going to be thirty seconds, and that is what we are stricking at."

"The sensation of such a mile I can hardly tell you. I go a mile in forty-three now. I have traveled faster here, but you would not believe me if I told you, and I have no sensation other than that of ordinary riding. I suppose that the sensation would come to me with a mile down to thirty, and I hope to get that sensation before I die."

"Of course, I may die in making it, but I don't believe that on the Ormond-Daytona course I should be at all nervous going out after that mile. What is the use? You can die but once, and if it comes that way—why, it is all right."

It has been decided to hold the Gordon Bennett cup race earlier than first arranged. The race will be run on June 17 instead of in July, as at first planned, the change being made because of the fact that the Kaiser will be able to attend the race in June. The start will be made at Kassel, Sutburg, and the route leads from there through Wehrheim, Uelingen, Gravenweisbach, Welling, Altendorf, Neckholzhausen, Oberlebenbach, Lüding, Kerberg, Neuhof, Idstein, Esch, Glashütten, Kostigten, Oberursel, Oberstetten and Dornholzhausen. The route is 137.6 kilometers long.

The racing committee of the A. C. A. has accepted for the preliminary trials the entries of Alden Sampson, second,

John E. Madden, noted trainer. Belmont, E. R. Thomas and other well known millionaire turfmen have sought his judgment and paid him substantial sums for thoroughbred stars.

Madden believes that the coming season will prove one of the busiest in history. Many new men have entered the racing game, and rivalry will be all the more intense.

P. J. Carmody, general manager of the Union Jockey club of St. Louis says: "Good, clean, honest horse racing seems to be the most popular of all sports for the people of our country. At least they seem to enjoy it above all others."

Racing plants all over the country have been making handsome profits for their stockholders and are giving what I deem very proper and larger amounts in purses and stakes to the horsemen."

"This encourages a higher standard of the sport. Speaking of the outlook in our city's world's fair year, the racing should be at its best."

"I regret the action of the Western Jockey club in not dealing fairly with the Union Jockey club. In refusing us dates that body did not give any good or valid reason why we should not get a part of the season."

"Our plant is owned and will be controlled by good, fair people, most of whom were born and raised in St. Louis."

"The Union track will run with good horses and will hire the best officials that money can get."

"Our motto will be fair play to owners, bookmakers and the public, and the fair mindedness of the people we will depend for support."

The Kansas City Jockey club is making quite a bid for the patronage of horsemen for its first meeting, which begins April 31. In its announcement of ten stakes, including a Derby and also handicap for three-year-olds, to close March 1. The Derby is a pretentious affair for a beginner in the racing field, with \$5,000 in added money, while the handicap, which is called the Star and Times stakes, has \$1,500 added.

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One of the strongest additions to Murphy's combination is L. T. Sheffield, the New York Interscholastic wonder. He attained high honors last spring, first by winning five firsts and one second in the dual games between Berkeley (New York) and Cutler (New York) schools, a total of twenty-eight points, and then winding up his performances by winning five championships in one afternoon at the spring meet of the Interscholastic association.

In this meet he secured twenty-five points. Besides being a pole vaulter, broad and high jumper of no mean ability, Sheffield is a sprinter. At the Interscholastic championships he covered the distance in the 100 yard sprint in ten and two-fifths seconds and made a most remarkable record for a schoolboy by winning the 220 yard run in twenty-two and two-fifths seconds.

Another clever athlete for Yale is H. Le C. Hume, a pole vaulter. In many interscholastic games held both in and out of doors his work has been watched with the keenest interest. In competition he has often cleared the bar at ten feet six inches.

The Princeton Auto Club. The Princeton Automobile club has been organized among the undergraduates of Princeton university. Among the students at the college there are six heavy machines, as many light touring cars or runabouts, besides a dozen motor bicycles.

International Lacrosse. The Harvard lacrosse team may go to England next year to meet teams of English universities.

British Houses and Shops. There are 7,672,848 houses and shops in Great Britain. Of these, only 1,151,998 are private dwelling houses of more than \$100 yearly rental.

Would Scize Women's Hats. Enthusiastic members of London's Audubon society propose a law to authorize the confiscation of all hats decorated with the skins of song birds.

## The Turf World.

### John E. Madden, the Ed Geers of the Thoroughbred Arena St. Louis Doings.

John E. Madden is making elaborate plans for the coming running turf campaign. This noted trainer has won an enviable reputation in the past as a "piller off" of successful coups, and he believes that he has a couple of "dark ones" in his stable that will surprise the knowing ones.

Madden is to the running turf what Ed Geers is to the light harness world. He has brought out many sensational stakes winners and in the last three or four years has had away a tidy fortune. His judgment is relied on by owners of the largest racing stables in the land. William C. Whitney, August

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"Our motto will be fair play to owners, bookmakers and the public, and the fair mindedness of the people we will depend for support."

The Kansas City Jockey club is making quite a bid for the patronage of horsemen for its first meeting, which begins April 31. In its announcement of ten stakes, including a Derby and also handicap for three-year-olds, to close March 1. The Derby is a pretentious affair for a beginner in the racing field, with \$5,000 in added money, while the handicap, which is called the Star and Times stakes, has \$1,500 added.

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**ARCHBISHOP MESSMER  
TAKES CHARGE OF SEE**

Imposing Ceremonies Attend Installation of New Head of Catholic Diocese of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 11.—The Most Rev. Sebastian G. Messmer was formally proclaimed archbishop of Milwaukee at St. John's cathedral Feb. 10. A large number of priests and lay delegates met the new archbishop in Green Bay, the entire party leaving for Milwaukee on a special train.

Upon arrival in Milwaukee the archbishop was accorded a royal welcome. The ceremonies at the cathedral incident to the formality of Monsignor Messmer's being proclaimed archbishop were performed by Father Schlueter. Then came the presentation of the miter and crozier, followed by the archbishop's formal address.

Archbishop Messmer will be unable to pontificate in public until the pallium is conferred upon him next summer.

**FORMER MAYOR ROCHE IS DEAD**

Executive of Chicago in 1887 succumbs to Heart Disease.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—John A. Roche, mayor of Chicago from 1887 to 1889, died of heart disease in the private office of R. W. Patterson, editor of the Tribune. Taken with dizziness, his condition became steadily worse in spite of the efforts of two physicians who had been hastily summoned, and he passed away while unconscious, in the presence of his son, his family physician and a few close business associates. Mrs. Roche was downtown shopping and could not be found. While the former mayor was still conscious his son, John A. Roche, Jr., E. A. Russell and C. G. Comstock, officials of the Old Elevator Company, of which Mr. Roche was manager, reached his side. While talking to them his breathing became interrupted and it was found necessary to administer stimulants. These were of little avail, and the patient passed into unconsciousness and death a few moments before his daughter, the wife of Professor George C. Howland of the University of Chicago, arrived.

**AMERICA IS TO SEIZE WARSHIPS**

Santo Domingo Must Surrender for Firing on Yankee Shipping.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Because a Dominican gunboat fired on lighters landing part of the cargo of an American steamer, the New York of the Clyde line, Rear Admiral Wise of the United States navy will probably seize the gunboat in question and tow it to Guantanamo. Specific instructions were cable to Rear Admiral Wise regarding the protection of American shipping in Dominican waters. The news of the firing on the lighter aroused indignation in official circles here and it is said at the navy department that the probable course of action after such an outrage would be the seizure of the gunboat.

**JUDGE THROWS OUT BALL SUIT**

Case Against Small and Miller is Dismissed at Kankakee.

Kankakee, Ill., Feb. 11.—The bottom dropped out of the Harry H. Ball \$50,000 false imprisonment suit against Trustee Small and Secretary Miller of Kankakee insane hospital. Judge Garnsey sustained the motion of the defendants' attorneys to take the case away from the jury and dismiss for lack of proof of malicious prosecution. The plaintiff appealed to the appellate court on a bill of exceptions, with the possibility that the case may be remanded for retrial.

**COASTING ACCIDENT INJURES FOURTEEN**

Toboggan Collides With Tree at Bottom of Long, Steep Hill at Battle Creek, Michigan.

Battle Creek, Mich., Feb. 11.—Fourteen young people were injured in a coasting accident on Barbour street hill. The party was on a long toboggan, which collided with a tree at the bottom of the hill. No one escaped unharmed. Those most seriously injured were:

Ver Smith, aged 12; leg and arm broken; face lacerated.

Walter Smith, brother, aged 19; compound fracture of leg below hip. Cora Dennis, nurse at Adventist sanitarium; back and ankle badly sprained; head injured.

The hill adjoins the sanitarium and the prompt treatment obtained saved the lives of the Smiths. All the injured were Adventist young people except S. A. Fuhrman, a middle-aged man, invited to take his first coast since boyhood. His face was badly bruised and wrist sprained.

Barbour's hill has a long list of coasting casualties to its credit, being unusually steep.

**KUROPATKIN CANNOT GO TO THE SEAT OF WAR.**

St. Petersburg, Feb. 11.—Gen. Dragomorov arrived in St. Petersburg today. He is one of Russia's greatest fighters and may be appointed commander-in-chief, as Gen. Kuropatkin, the war minister, probably cannot be spared.

**Team Ran Away Last Night:** A livery team belonging to D. Ryan & Son ran away last evening and completely demolished one of their new sleighs.

**Value of the Banana.**  
The banana possesses all the essentials to the sustenance of life. Of wheat alone, or potatoes alone, this cannot be said. When taken as a steady diet the banana is cooked—baked dry in the green state, pulped and boiled in water as a soup or cut in slices and fried.

**MANCHURIAN BRIDGE GONE**

Continued from Page 1.  
have absolute supremacy of the sea in war waters.

**Russian Fleet Bottled Up.**  
Little disposition is shown by Alexeoff, however, to accept the challenge. He realizes, reports to the government say, that in the crippled condition of his fleet he would have but little chance against the Japanese, who thus far have not suffered a scratch to one of the ships, despite the fierceness of the battles of Sunday and Monday. The Russian squadron, therefore, is bottled up as closely as was that of Cervera at Santiago, and the government hopes it will adopt the same course followed there, that of making a dash for freedom, even though the chance is a slim one.

**Take Seven Prizes.**

Another dash at Port Arthur was made by Admiral Togo and his fleet Wednesday afternoon. Seven Russian ships most of them small cruisers, are said to have been captured, but this report lacks confirmation. If it is true, it indicates that Admiral Alexeoff decided to accept his chances in the open and was badly defeated.

**Another report:** from Russian sources, says the Japanese battleship Shikishima was badly damaged and was afterward beached. This, however, is not believed to be true, as no official word has been received of such a disaster.

**Capture 2,000 Priscers.**

Two Russian transports, carrying a total of 2,000 men and a quantity of arms and ammunition, were captured by the Japanese off Asan, Corea. One of the steamers is the Ekaterinoslav, of 10,000 tons, which is fitted out as an auxiliary cruiser and which is a most important addition to the Japanese fleet. The other is the Argun, belonging to the Chinese Eastern Railway company and chartered by Russia. The transports were captured by the cruisers Sal Yen and Nel Yen, and were sent to Sasebo under a prize crew. The Ekaterinoslav will be refitted for service in the Japanese navy.

**Seize Merchant ship.**

Three Russian merchant ships were also seized, two of them being rich prizes. They are the Moulden, Russia, and Alexander.

The work of landing troops on Corean soil is progressing rapidly and meets with no opposition from the Russian patrol boats sent to the Corean coast for the express purpose of preventing such a move.

The Japanese have a large force of warships guarding their transports, and covering the landing of the men, and there are not enough Russian vessels near at hand to effectively prevent the occupation of the Hermit kingdom.

**Cruisers Are Sunk.**

Official news of the engagement at Chemulpo shows that two Russian warships—the Varang, a protected cruiser, and the Korletz, a gunboat—were sunk by the Japanese. The Japanese Admiral, who was escorting three transports filled with troops destined for Seoul, sent word to the Russian ships, which were lying in the harbor, that he would give them a time limit in which to leave.

**Russians Make Attack.**

The only response of the Russians was to come out of the harbor and attack a Japanese torpedo-boat, which answered with a torpedo, that did not, however, reach its mark. A warm engagement followed. Then the Russians, their two ships badly damaged, ran for the protection of the Polynesian islands, where both sank, the crews taking refuge on a French warship, none of them being drowned. The Japanese ships were not struck once. As soon as the Russian ships were disposed of the Japanese began to land their troops.

Japanese ships are guarding northern Japan, fearing that Russia might land a force from Vladivostok, and for the further purpose of preventing four Russian cruisers from joining the Russian fleet at Port Arthur. Other Japanese war vessels are cruising to intercept Russian vessels coming from Singapore.

The Corean court has asked and been accorded French protection.

**To Attack Port Arthur.**

As soon as enough troops are landed in Corean orders will be given the commanders of the various fleets to send as many vessels as they can to the vicinity of Port Arthur, where active measures will be taken to force the Russians out unless they have decided to accept the challenge for a sea battle. It is considered probable here that, with Rear Admiral Togo reinforced, an attack will be made on the Russian fleet and ports.

Minister Kurkin has left St. Petersburg and gone to Berlin. He cabled that he had been accorded all courtesy by the Russian government, and that a special guard of troops accompanied him to the frontier.

**Look Japanese Houses.**

Fugitives from Vladivostok accuse the Russians of openly looting Japanese houses there without interference by the police.

Tokio is quiet. While the Japanese are greatly elated by their victories at sea, they have recovered from their first excitement and returned to the usual calmness of the Oriental. Their plaudits is astonishing to foreigners.

A formal declaration of war is expected. The proclamation has been prepared and approved by the cabinet. Foreign Minister Komura has gone to the palace to secure the emperor's approval.

**STATE NOTES**

The Western Canned Goods association, in session at Columbus, O., elected as president Dr. A. C. Fraser of Manitowoc, Wis.

Albert Monson, who is alleged to have forged two checks on the First State bank of West Bend a week ago, was arrested at Grand Rapids, Mich., on similar charge.

John Featherstone, aged 35 years,

died from injuries received by being caught on a rapidly revolving shaft in the sawmill of F. Brazel & Son, near Lincoln county.

O'Keefe & Orton, paper mill ar-

chitects of Appleton, have begun sur-

veys for an enlargement of the plant

at Green Bay, which will double

the capacity of the plant.

The Tomah Advancement asso-

ciation has appointed a committee

of three democra-

ts and three repub-

licans to consider the advisability of

nominating a union ticket for the com-

ing municipal election.

A letter written by Gen. Edward S. Bragg, United States consul general at Hong Kong, China, to a friend in Fond du Lac, under date of Dec. 28, says that both the general and Mrs. Bragg are in fine health.

Adt. Gen. C. R. Boardman has re-

ceived a letter from the National

Board for the Promotion of

Rifle

Practice announcing that it had de-

cided to admit members of the state

militia and civilians to its various

contests.

The City and Village Mutual Fire

Underwriters' association, in session

at Fond du Lac, under date of Dec. 28, says that both the general and Mrs.

Bragg are in fine health.

Erastus Wiman is Dead.

New York, Feb. 11.—Erastus Wiman, whose name as a leader in the

business world once was a household

word in Canada and the United States,

died in a little cottage on Staten Island, to which he had gone after his fortune had been swept away and his health broken. He was almost 70 years old.

Miss Bayliss Marries.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11.—Plato Mc-

Courtney and Miss Clara Korn Bay-

liss, daughter of State Superintendent

of Public Instruction and Mrs. Alfred

Bayliss, were married here. The

wedding was a quiet home affair. The

bride formerly was a teacher in the

public schools at Elgin.

Advocate Polish Freedom.

Lemberg, Galicia, Feb. 11.—The Slowo Polskie says that emissaries

are already agitating among the peasants

of Russia, Poland, urging upon them

to seize the opportunity when

Russia is engaged in the far east and

regain Polish independence.

Dies in Depot.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—W. E. Bell of

Hilldale, Mich., died in the La Salle

street station. Bell succumbed to con-

sumption. He was accompanied by

his wife and was on his way home

from the mountains of Colorado.

A King's Box Mot.

A compliment paid by King William

to an American lady is thus recorded

by Crewey: "Miss Cator told me a

very pleasant saying of King Billy

about Lady Wellesley. When she

was in waiting at Windsor someone

in talking of Mrs. Trollope's book

and was fined \$50.

Panic in a Minneapolis boarding-

house when the building caught fire

early yesterday morning resulted in

the serious injury of six persons. Mrs.

Mary Rothjeans will probably die

from her injuries.

The grand jury of Kane county, Ill.,

finds ninety buildings in the

county without the fire escapes re-

quired by law. Thirty-four of them

are in Aurora. All have been or-

dered to comply at once with the law.

Owing to the indisposition of Em-

peror Francis Joseph, who is suffer-

ing from lumbago, the levee in Vien-

na, set for today, has been cancelled.

United States Ambassador Meyer

has left Rome for Berlin to be pre-

sent at the dinner which Charlemagne

Tour, United States ambassador to

Germany, is to give Emperor William.

Lord Roberts has accepted the ap-

pointment to the new office of Inspector</